



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

SEC. 6. It shall be unlawful for any person coming from any building, structure, or premises outside of the city of Berkeley, in which smallpox, scarlet fever, or diphtheria shall have been pronounced to exist by any health officer, board of health, or health authority, to enter the limits of the city of Berkeley.

SEC. 7. Whenever the health officer shall deem it necessary in order to enforce quarantine on any building, structure, or premises, as in this ordinance provided, he may, with the approval of the commissioner of public health and safety, request the chief of police to employ men immediately as special police officers for the purpose of enforcing such quarantine, and, upon the receipt of said request so approved, the said chief of police shall appoint such officers and make a report of such appointments so made by him to the council at its next regular meeting for its approval and ratification. Said special officers shall receive the sum of \$3 for each day so employed.

SEC. 8. It shall be unlawful for any person to abet, aid or assist, counsel or advise any other person to violate any of the provisions of this ordinance.

SEC. 9. Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this ordinance shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine not exceeding \$300 or by imprisonment not exceeding 90 days, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

SEC. 10. Ordinance No. 160-A and ordinance No. 235-A and all ordinances and parts of ordinances in conflict with this ordinance are hereby repealed.

Rabies—Control of—Muzzling of Dogs. (Ord. 269 N. S., Aug. 29, 1913.)

SECTION 1. Every person owning or having control of any dog in the city of Berkeley shall keep such dog within a sufficient inclosure, or securely chain such dog on the premises of the person owning or having control of such dog in the city of Berkeley, except as hereinafter provided.

SEC. 2. It shall be unlawful for any person owning or having control of any dog in the city of Berkeley to allow such dog upon any of the public streets, squares, parks, or other public places of the city of Berkeley unless such dog shall either be in charge of some competent person leading or controlling such dog by a line, rope, or chain, which said line, rope, or chain shall not be longer than 4 feet, or shall be muzzled with a wire muzzle of a design approved by the council of the city of Berkeley.

SEC. 3. Every dog running at large in violation of the provisions of this ordinance shall be immediately impounded in the public pound by any peace officer, or by the poundmaster, subject to redemption or sale, as provided by ordinance No. 13 N. S.

SEC. 4. If any dog shall bite any person or animal within the city of Berkeley, the owner or person having control of such dog shall, upon request of any peace officer, deliver such dog to such peace officer to be held for 10 days for the purpose of determining whether or not such dog is afflicted with rabies, and the owner of such dog shall pay all the expenses of the keeping thereof during the time such dog shall be so held.

SEC. 5. Every person violating any of the provisions of this ordinance shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$25 or by imprisonment for not more than 30 days, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

BERLIN, N. H.

Garbage—Care and Disposal of. (Ord. May 22, 1913.)

SECTION 1. It shall be the duty of all persons residing within the garbage district of the city of Berlin to place all garbage or other refuse matter in suitable receptacles of galvanized iron, with tight covers, which shall have been approved by the board of health, and place the same near the sidewalk or street, on those days designated by the board of health as collection days.

SEC. 2. Both wet and dry garbage may be placed in the same receptacles when of the above description.